GENERAL INFORMATION

A0.	Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Name
	Title
	Office
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Phone
	Phone Fax
	E-mail Address
	L-man Address
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes X No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:
	A0A. We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.
A1.	Address Information
	Name of College or University Naropa University
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 2130 Arapahoe Ave, Boulder, CO 80302
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
	Main Phone Number 303-546-3540
	WWW Home Page Address www.Naropa.edu
	Admissions Phone Number 303-546-3572
	Admissions Toll-free Number 1-800-772-6951
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country, 2130 Arapahoe Ave, Boulder, GO 80302
	Admissions Fax Number
	Admissions E-mail Address admissions@naropa.edu
	If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:
	If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
4.7	Saura of institutional and all (L.)
A.Z.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	Public
	X Priyate (nonprofit)
	Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	X) Coeducational college
	Men's college
	☐ Women's coffege
	-
A4.	Academic year calendar
	X Semester
	Quarter Continuous

	☐ Trimester ☐ Other (describe)	☐ Differs by program (describe):
A5. D	egrees offered by you	r institution
	X Certificate Diploma Associate Transfer	 □ Postbachelor's certificate X Master's □ Post-master's certificate □ Doctoral degree
	☐ Terminal	research/scholarship Doctoral degree — professional practice
	X Bachelor's	☐ Doctoral degree – other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment— Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-secking, first-time freshmen	9	28	0	3
Other first-year, degree- seeking	17	33	3	1
All other degree-seeking	103	177	3	7
Total degree-seeking	129	238	6	11
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	5	7
Total undergraduates	129	238	11	19
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	54	164	0	9
All other degree-seeking	48	130	47	109
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	1	7
Total graduate	102	294	48	125

0		
Total all undergraduates:	397	

Total all graduate:	569	
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B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2017. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-xeeking)
Nonresident aliens	0	10	10
Hispanic/Latino	8	42	42
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	2	4	4
White, non-Hispanic	22	238	249
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	O	1	1
Asian, non-Hispanic	D	5	5
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	1	1	1
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	3	39	39
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	4	44	46
Total	40	384	397

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2017.

Certificate/diploma	1
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	89
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	176
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees - professional practice	
Doctoral degrees - other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2017-18 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2010 and Fall 2011 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grantⁿ
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

*Students who received both a Federal Poll Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Poll Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2011 cohort if available. If Fall 2011 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2010 cohort.

Fall 2010 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2010 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students	22	11	19	52 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	0	O	0	0 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	22	11	19	52 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2014)	4	5	3	12 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2014 and by Aug. 31, 2015)	2	1	1	4 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	0	0	0	0 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	6	6	4	16 (formerly B10)
II - Six-year graduation rate for 2010 cohort (G divided by C)	27 %	55 %	21 %	31 % (formerly B11)

Fall 2011 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2011 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students	18	6	14	38 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	0	0	0	0 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	18	6	14	38 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2015)	4	1	4	9 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2015 and by Aug. 31, 2016)	2	1	0	3 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2011 colort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2016 and by Aug. 31, 2017)	0	0	2	2 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	6	2	6	14 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2011 cohort (G divided by C)	33 %	33 %	43 %	37 % (formerly B11)

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2014 cohort if available. If 2014 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2013 cohort.

B12. Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

2013 Cohort

B13. Of the initial 2013 cofiort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official

2014 Cohort

B12. Initial 2014 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

B13. Of the initial **2014** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official

church missions; total allowable exclusions;	church missions; total allowable exclusions;
B14. Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time;	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions;	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions;
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions;

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachclor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2016 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons; death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2016 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2017? ________58___%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Ct. First-time, first-year (freshman) students; Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2017, who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should i requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed ac of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-list admission.	Include early de nelude only thos tionable applicat it on waiting list.	ecision, carly action, and students ie students who fulfilled the tions) and who have been notified or application withdrawn (by
Total first time, first year (freshman) man who confied	29	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	76	
Total institute, instigoda (nominally women who approve		
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) mon who were admitted	29	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	76	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	9	
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who carolled	0	
The LC Dates Contains Contains and the Section of t	ı	28
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (firshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (firshman) women who enrolled		3
Total part-time, inst-time, inserved (itesimally women who obtonoc	i.i	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirement on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes if yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2017 admissions: Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list.		hose final admission was
Number accepting a place on the waiting list		
Number of wait-listed students admitted		
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?		
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion of X High school diploma is required and GED is accepted I ligh school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	requirement for	degree-seeking entering students:
High school diploma or equivalent is not required	18	
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-pr	reparatory prog	gram for degree-seeking students?
☐ Require ☑ Recommend		
Neither require nor recommend		

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegic units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		23
English		4
Mathematics		3
Seionee		3
Of these, units that must be lab		2
Foreign language		3
Social studies		3
History		3
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis	for	Sel	ect	ian
DAROTO	w	12.0	CLL	

C6.	Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED
	equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

The state of the s	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation Nonacademic	X D			X X C
Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status				

		Rated				
SAT and ACT Policies						
C8. Entrance exams						
A. Does your institution make use o degree-seeking applicants?		SAT Subject To	est scores in admiss	sion decisions fo	r first-time, fi	irst-year,
If yes, place check marks in the app Fall 2019.	ropriate boxes b	elow to reflect y	our institution's po	licies for use in a	admission for	
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or						
ACT SAT Subject Tosts						
B. If your institution will make use Fall 2019 please indicate which ON admissions process):						
ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommende ACT with or without writing as						
If your institution will make use of Fall 2019 please indicate which ON admissions process): SAT with Essay component reconstructions.	E of the followi juired	ission decisions ng applies (rega	for first-time, first- rdless of whether th	year, degree-see ie Essay score w	king applican ill be used in	ts for the
SAT with or without ESSAY c		ted				
C. Please indicate how your institut	ion will use the	SAT or ACT es	say component; che	ck all that apply	e e	
		SATe	ssay ACT essay	y		
For admission For placement				-		

For advising

In place of an application essay

No college policy as of now Not using essay component

As a validity check on the application essay

D. I	n addition, does your institu yes no	tion use applicants' to	est scores for academ	ric advising?	
_					
E.	Latest date by which SAT (
F.	Latest date by which SAT \$			au-term admission re recommended for some st	idente on Heart and
•	not required of some studer	its):	uncies (e.g., ii tesis a	re recommended for some si	udents, or it tests are
	Please indicate which tests	your institution uses	for placement (e.g.,	, state tests):	
	SAT				
	ACT				
	SAT Subject Tests		1		
	AP				
	CLEP				
	Institutional Exam				
	State Exam (specify);				
stan (fres read SAT	dardized (SAT/ACT) test shman) students who subm ing for a category of student	scores. Include informatited test scores. Disport combine other sprice versa. Do converse.	rmation for ALL our o not include partial standardized test resu	enrolled in Fall 2017 who colled, degree-seeking, first test scores (e.g., mathematic this (such as TOEPL) in this New SAT scores using the C	-time, first-year s scores but not critical item. Do not convert
					X
	Percent submitting SAT sec Percent submitting ACT sec			itting SAT scores itting ACT scores	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
				percentite (the score that 25 score that 25 percent scored	
	Assessment	25th Percentile Score	75th Percentile Score	1	
	SAT Evidence-Based				. 3
	Reading and Writing				

Assessment	25th Percentile Score	75th Percentile Score
SAT Evidence-Based		
Reading and Writing		
SAT Math		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite		
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score	SAT Evidence-Based	SAT Math
Range	Reading and Writing	

	100%	100%
200-299	-	
300-399		
400-499		
500-599		
600-699		
700-800		

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29			1
18-23			
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-secking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class			
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class			
Percent in top half of high school graduating class		} Top half + bottom half	100%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class		1 TOP THAT . COLEGIA INC.	10070.
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating cla			
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students	s who sub	mitted high school class rank:	

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	6%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	28%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	22%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	6%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	19%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	17%
Percent who had GPA between 1,0 and 1.99	3%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%
	100%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: 3.11

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: _90_%

Admission Policies

C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$50	X Yes	□ No		
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X Yes	□ No		
If you have an application fee and an on-line application of Same fee:	ption, please in	dicate policy t	or students w	ko apply on-line;
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with f	inancial need?	Yes/no Yes		
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall):	☐ Yes	X No		
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms	other than the	fall? 🗓 Yes [□ No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (III in one only)			
On a rolling basis beginning (date):9/1				19
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants ffill in one only)				
Must reply by (date):				
Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified the Other:	ereafter			
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): 7/1				
Amount of housing deposit: \$300 Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full				
Yes, in part				
_X_No				
C10 Defended desiration Decrease in the C11 II.		11	3 1 7 0	
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow studen X Yes No	its to postpone e	enroliment atte	admission?	
If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 year				
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your instime, first-year (freshman) students one year or more befo				
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (1	nitiated during :	2006-2007 cycl	le)	
Fauly Desiring and Fayly Astion Plans				

	complete the fol	lowing:	i) applicants for fall enrollin	
	rly decision plan	_		
		notification date		
	ision plan closing ision plan notific			
For the Fall 20	017 entering clas	ss:		
		ations received by your under early decision pla		
Please provide	significant detail	s about your early decis	ion plan;	
-			(4	
			plan whereby students are n we to commit to attending y	notified of an admission decision we your college?
☐ Yes 🗵	-			
tf "yes," please	complete the fol	llowing:		
Early action old Early action no				
your early action	plan a "restrictiv	re" plan under which yo	u limit students from apply	ing to other early plans?
☐ Yes ☐	Ne			
		D TDANSE	ER ADMISSION	
		D. TRAINSF	EK ADAMSSION	20 and 10
all Applicants				
1. Does your ins	titution enroll tra	nsfer students? X Yes	□No	
(If no, please	skip to Section E) 	4% 1 4	
	anster students ca ges/universities?		redit by transferring credits	searned from course work complete
at other colleg				
	umber at students	s who applied, were adn	nitted, and enrolled as degre	ee-seeking transfer students in Fall
	anioet of Siddless.			1
2. Provide the nu		Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants	
2. Provide the nu 2017.	Applicants 52	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants 32	
2. Provide the nu	Applicants			
2. Provide the nu 2017.	Applicants 52	52	32	
2. Provide the nu 2017. Men Women	Applicants 52 108	52 108	32 54	
2017. Men Women Total	Applicants 52 108 160	52 108	32 54	
2. Provide the nu 2017. Men Women	Applicants 52 108 160	52 108	32 54	

		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not require
High school transc	ript	Х				
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal s	statement				Х	
Interview					Х	
Standardized test s	cores					Х
Statement of good from prior instituti					х	

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		10			
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

Fransfer Credit Policies	
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 60 Unit type Semester credits	
Number 60 Unit type Semester credits Number 60 Unit type	
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	60

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs	available at your institution	n. Refer to the glossary fo	r definitions.
 Accelerated program Cooperative education program X Cross-registration Distance learning X Double major Dual enrollment English as a Second Language (FSL) Exchange student program (domestic) External degree program Other (specify): 	 ☐ Honors program ☒ Independent study ☒ Internships ☐ Liberal arts/caree; ☒ Student-designed ☒ Study abroad ☒ Teacher certificat ☐ Weekend college 	r combination major	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.			
The state of the s			
E3. Areas in which all or most students are requi	red to complete some con	rse work prior to gradu	ation:
 ☒ Arts/fine arts ☐ Computer literacy ☒ English (including composition) ☐ Foreign languages ☐ History ☐ Other (describe): 	X Humanities	physical)	
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshmat enrolled in Fall 2017 who fit the following eat		s and degree-seeking un	dergraduates
•		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude inter	national/nonresident	cou/	63%
aliens from the numerator and denominator) Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities		60%	0378
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, o	r -affiliated housing	75%	18%
Percent who live off campus or commute	2	25%	82%
Percent of students age 25 and older		5%	37%
Average age of full-time students		19	25
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)		18	24

F 2. ACHVII	ies offered identity mos	e bingiains avanam	c at your matitudon.	
2	Campus Ministries Choral groups Concert band Dance Drama/theater International Student Organization	X Literary magaz	X Student government Student newspaper	
D	Jazz band	Pep band	Yearbook	
ES DOTO	(program offered in con-	peration with Reser	ve Officers' Training Corps)	
PS. ROTTE	(broßigni oneien in coo	betanion with sesen	ve Others Training Corps,	
Army F	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ution (name):		
Naval F	ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating instit	ution (name):		
Air For	ce ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institu	ution (name);		
F4. Housin		llege-owned, -opera	ated, or -affiliated housing available for t	undergraduates at your
	 X Coed dorms Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for marr X Apartments for single 	e students X	Special housing for disabled students Special housing for international stude Praternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing Theme housing Wellness housing	ars
	Other housing option	is (specify):	5	

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0.	Please provide the URL of your instit	ution's net price calculato	T	
	ride 2018-2019 academic year costs of a tution,	attendance for the followin	g categories that are applicable to	your
á	Check here if your institution's 2018-201 approximate date (i.e., month/day) when available:			
1 6 3 1	Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, and academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quantition) hour cost by number of credits). A full acture; usually equated to two semesters, to Room and board is defined as double occinelade only charges that all full-time structivity fees.) Do not include optional feet	room and board for a full-ti- parter hours for institutions ademic year refers to the pe- wo trimesters, three quarters upancy and 19 meals per wa- dents must pay that are <i>not</i>	that derive annual tuition by multiply riod of time generally extending from , or the period covered by a four-one sek or the maximum meal plan, Requirelated in tuition (e.g., registration,	ying credit n September to -four plan. rired fees
		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition:	\$31,620	\$31,620	
	PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:			
	In-state (our-of-district):			
	Out-of-state: NONRESIDENT ALIEN:			
	Tuition:			
	REQUIRED FEES;	\$170	\$170	
	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	S11,880	\$11,860	
	ROOM ONLY: (on-campus) BOARD ONLY:			
	(on-campus meal plan)			
	Comprehensive fultion and room and b fees): Other:			n and board
G2. N	Number of credits per term a student c			18 maximum
03. E	Oo tuition and fees vary by year of stud	у (e.g., sophomore, junior	, senior)? Yes X	No.
34. D	Oo tuition and fees vary by undergrade	ate instructional program	? Yes	X No

If yes, wha	t percent	tage of full-time underg	raduates pay more than t	he tuition and fees rep	oorted in G1?
		*			
			2		

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1256	\$1256	\$1256
Room only:	Alexander and a second		
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home);	\$11,880	\$11,680	\$11,880
Transportation:	\$1666	\$1666	\$1666
Other expenses:	\$3790	\$3790	\$3790

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

\$995

H. FINANCIAL AJD

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and toans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gills, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received:

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal	and state work study	aid, and any employ	ment packaged by y	our institution in
linancial aid awards.				

Aid Awarded to Euroffed Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2016-2017 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2016-2017 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items 111, 112, 112A, and H6 below: X 2017-2018 estimated or 2016-2017 final \$901.762	
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly X Federal methodology (FM)	H3)
Institutional methodology (IM) Both FM and IM	

74	Need-based (Include non-need-based aid use to meet need.)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need-based aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants	The second second	
Federal	\$901,762	\$0
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$131,327	\$0
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and fuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$4.688,980	\$186,611
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$35,481	\$3103
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$5,757,550	\$189,714
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$2,336,972	\$238,069
Federal Work-Study	\$906,594	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$33,500	
Total Self-Help	\$3.277,066	\$238.069
Parent Loans	\$988,554	\$1,871,324

Common Data Set 2017-2018 🐇

Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$107,029	\$82,304
Athletic Awards		

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and tess-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
ย)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2017 cohort)	37	367	17
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	33	304	5
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	26	272	3
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	26	272	2
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	24	260	1
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	26	263	2
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	0	4	0
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	٥	11	0
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EPC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	90 %	88 %	34 %
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	S 39,539	g 36.736	\$ 8,656
k).	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	S 26,290	\$ 22,105	\$ 10,000
I)	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 6769	\$ 79 4 1	\$ 2657
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	§ 3424	§ 4 603	S 1532

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	4	17	1
o)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	§ 11.125	S 9616	\$ 5000
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non- need-based athletic scholarship or grant	0	0	0

q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ O	\$ O	\$ 0

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5, Include:

- 2017 undergraduate class; all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017.
- only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * students who transferred in,
- money borrowed at other institutions.
- * parent loans
- students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2017 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017. Exclude students who transferred into your institution,

115. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/	Type of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of toans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
a)	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	11	% 57.89%	S \$33,302
b)	f'ederal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	11	% 57.89%	\$ \$33,302
c)	Institutional loan programs.	0	0 %	\$ 0
d)	State loan programs.	0	0 %	\$ 0

or lender,	0	0	70	p 0	
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresiduademic year checked in item H1.)	dent Aliens (Note: R	teport numbers	and d	oliar amour	nts for the same
academic year checked in item 141.)					
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding in	stitutional scholarshi	p and grant aid	for un	dergraduat	e degree-seeking
nonresident aliens:		ı.			
 Institutional need-based scholarship of Institutional non-need-based scholars 					
 Institutional scholarship and grant aid 					
TETO Africal and Africa and and a constituted from			J	If 1	
If institutional financial aid is available for or undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident ali					
Average dollar amount of institutional financi	ial aid awarded to un	dergraduate des	gree-se	eeking non	resident aliens:
\$ 17,716					
Total dellar amount of institutional financial a	aid awarded to under	oraduate deares	-ceek	ino pancesi	ident aliene:
\$ 106,300	and awarded to tinder	Standing neStee	-seck	ing nomesi	dent anens.
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident	alien first-year financ	cial aid applicat	its mu	ist submit:	
Institution's own financial aid form					
Coort maneral Ard FROTTLE					
International Student's Financial Aid A					
International Student's Certification of a	Finances				
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students					
119 Charle (Call Carrellal aid Carrelland)		111			.14.
H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic fire	st-year (tresnman) in	ianciai aid appi	icants	must suom	11(;
[X] FAFSA					
Institution's own financial aid form					
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE					
State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE					
Business/Farm Supplement					
Other:				-	
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman):	students:				
Priority date for filling required financial aid					
Deadline for filing required financial aid form No deadline for filing required forms (applic	ns:	rolling books.	= X		
No designific for fining required forms (applied	actous processed off a	croning pasis):	-		
1110 Indicate notification dates for first year (free	hmon) etudante (anei	rose a car bile			

a.)	Students notified on or about (date): 3/1
b.)	Students notified on a rolling basis: yes/no — If yes, starting date:3/t
H13, ln	idicate repty dates:
St	udents must reply by (date): or within4 weeks of notification.
Types o	of Aid Available
Please o	cheek off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
H12, L	oans
X X	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional lunds Other (specify):
H13. Se	cholarships and Grants
X	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

1114. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply,

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
Х	х	Academics	X	Х	Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
Х	Х	Art	Х	Х	Music/drama
		Athletics			Religious affiliation
Х	Х	Job skills			State/district residency

	OR GENERAL PROPERTY.	ROTC		
		120		
institution	more affordable to	ecently implemented any mincoming students such as ovide details below:	ajor financial aid policy, program, or initiat replacing loans with grants, or waiving cos	ive to make your ts for families below a

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2017. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or feave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field; example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of line arts in art or theater),

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	50	103	153
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	11	15	26
c.) Total number who are women	25	72	97
d.) Total number who are mon	25	31	56
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	0	0	0
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	36	29	65
 g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's 	13	53	66
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	18	19
 i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.) 	0	3	3
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	16	45	61

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2017 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2017 Student to Faculty ratio: 9 to 1 (based on 461 students and 52 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2017 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, incetting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2017. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	1001	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	32	83	17	í	0	1	0	134
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100	Totai

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st-Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diptoma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	C1P 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and			11.83%	3
conservation			11.0376	
Architecture		*		4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism				9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information				1.1
sciences				
Personal and culinary services				12
Education			4.30%	13
Engineering				14
Engineering technologies				15
Foreign languages, literatures, and				16
linguistics				
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/logal studies				22
English				23
Liberal arts/general studies			8.60%	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences				26
Mathematics and statistics		,		27
Military science and military				28 and 29
technologies				
Interdisciplinary studies			15.05%	30
Parks and recreation	100%		11.83%	31
Philosophy and religious studies			4.30%	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences				40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			33.34%	42
Homeland Security, law				43
enforcement, firefighting, and				
protective services				1. 12
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences				45
Construction trades				46

TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	
Other				
History				54
Business/marketing				52
Health professions and related programs				51
Visual and performing arts			10.75%	50
Transportation and materials moving				49
Precision production				48
Mechanic and repair technologies				47

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS
 document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a tapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaurcate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing,

launching the job search: listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegic units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January. March. May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videntapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Se., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.): Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major; Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students carn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level, Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has carned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students,

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident afien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.(I.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or a temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The fuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's: designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-maxler's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three PPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than I Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than I academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least I But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the geademic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle,

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident ation or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alicn status (and who holds either an ation registration card [Form 1-551 or 1-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form 1-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form 1-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.